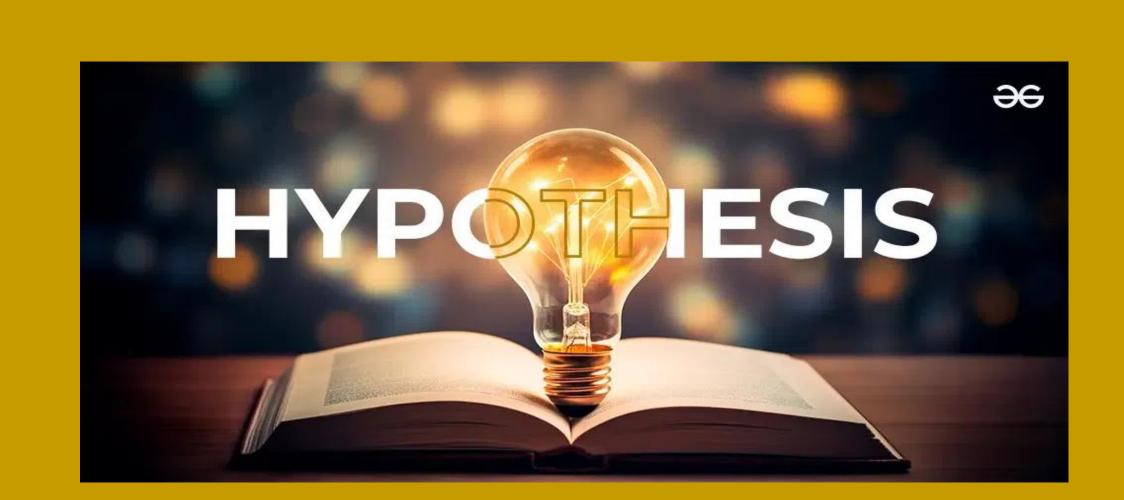
Social Media Impact on Values and Success:

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HYPOTHESES

The pervasive use of social media significantly impacts daily productivity and success, particularly among individuals who spend more hours engaged with social media.



PARTICIPANTS

- **48 Students**
- 38 Women/ 9 Men/ 1 Non-Binary
- Classification
 - 1. 38 Seniors
 - 2. 7 Sophomores
 - 3. 3 Juniors
- **⇔**Race
 - 1. African American (N=42, 44.2%)
 - 2. Latino (N=1)
 - 3. Asian (N=1)
 - 4. White (N=1)
 - 5. One participant indicated their race as multiracial

MEASURES

- Social media usage was determined by asking respondents to recall their daily time spend on social media platforms.
 - The response set included: Less than 1 hour,1 to 2 hours,
 3 to 4 hours or 5 hours or more.
- Social media effects on productivity was measured by asking respondents if they believed social media impacted their productivity.
 - The response set included strongly agree, agree, disagree, strongly disagree

RESULTS

- 1. Social media usage and productivity
 - x2(9) = 28.227, p = < .001,
- 2. There was a significant correlation between daily social media usage and impact on daily productivity. Furthermore, our hypothesis was supported by the data.



DISCUSSION

The results of this study suggest the following:

- Students who spend more hours on social media are morelikely to agree that it affects their daily productivity, while those who spend less time on Social media are to disagree.
- The similarity observed between the current findings and previous research suggests that the time individuals spend on social media hampers their efforts in achieving success.
- Excessive social media use among college students can divert attention from academics, extracurriculars, physical and mental health.
- It is significant that students who value their time are more likely to be productive, than those who don't

